



R. Gwendolyn Wright

The Rhodoteller

www.nirs.rhodos.ca



April

North Island Rhododendron Society

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Adrienne McNabb898-8712

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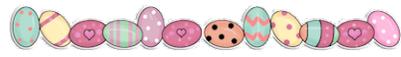
Publicity:
Helena Stewart.....339-1733

Sunshine Lady:
Nancy Munro.....334-3719

The club meets at 7:30 p.m
the second Tuesday of each month
(except May through August)
United Church in Comox.

Coming Events

1st April 2014 - Executive Meeting 2.00 pm



The executive meeting will be held at the home of Diana and John Scott, 6432 Eagles Drive Courtenay. Directions: Drive down Coleman road, turn left onto Left Road, and Eagles is close to the end. Left on Eagles, their house is on the right hand side and has a push button gate.

8th April 2014 - Regular Monthly Meeting



A PowerPoint Presentation of.... "In Veronica's Garden"



As the author of the bestselling book "In Veronica's Garden", Margaret Cadwaladr is also an articulate public speaker and educator. We are delighted to welcome Margaret to present to us her special program on Veronica Milner and the history of Milner Gardens at our April meeting.

Born in Vancouver, BC, Margaret lived for many years in Qualicum Beach, near Milner Gardens, and is well known to many gardeners of Vancouver Island. She has had many articles published locally and internationally in magazines, newspapers and journals including GardenWise and Pacific Horticulture. Her presentation is guaranteed to be both entertaining and informative. It will definitely be the highlight, must see, program of the year!





PRESIDENT'S View

...by Paul Wurz

Well, our snow has finally disappeared and each day it is a bit more interesting walking through the garden. Bulbs, hellebores, and hostas continue to show new growth and flowers. As most of you are aware, gardens in Campbell River are at least a week behind the Comox valley and we are still waiting to see the first daffodil in bloom. But it won't be long!

The start of spring is always an opportune time to talk about some of the early rhododendrons that may be found in your garden. I will mention a few in our garden that are in bloom or showing color. If you are looking for early bloomers the following are highly recommended. This is my list: Cilipense, Snow Lady, Bodega Crystal Pink, Heatherside Beauty, Lee's Scarlet, Rosamundi, Christmas Cheer, and Maxine Childers. All good choices that do well in our area.

Garden chores for this month include: more leaf clean-up, some early pruning, and although I haven't started fertilizing, it is prime time. It is also an excellent time to start moving plants.

This is also a very busy time for our club, with our annual Rhodo Plant Sale and Garden Tour just around the corner – a great opportunity for members to get involved. Organizers will be seeking volunteers at our April meeting. So don't be shy, let them know of your availability!

Thanks to Helena Stewart, for taking on the task of organizing the Whidbey Island Garden Tour. We are still short a few participants, so if you can spare the time and want to see some wonderful gardens don't pass up this opportunity.

We are all looking forward to hearing Margaret Cadwaladr speak to us about Milner Gardens. This is a very appropriate time for a visit from Margaret, as I just attended an advisory committee meeting at Milner to develop plans for a Species Garden area. I will be giving a brief summary of these plans at the meeting. I hope to see all of you at our April 8th meeting.



Raffle Rhodos

...by Dick Bonney

Boule De Neige. (caucasicum x catawbiense) grows to 5 feet in ten years and good to -35c. Has bright green leathery leaves with snowball flowers and is a medium rounded plant. Well worth having.



The second rhodo prize will be **Minnetonka** (sounds like a toy) which grows to 4 feet in ten years and is also good to -35c. It is a compact hybrid that grows wider than tall. Has reddish purple flowers spotted with yellow-green on the upper petals, and are held in dome like trusses. Well worth having for small gardens.





Member's Notes

...by *Dave Godfrey*

I would like to begin this month by thanking several helpful members. First, **Pauline Thompson** for providing the Member's Notes for the past two months while we were vacationing in Hawaii. Pauline did a terrific job of keep us informed about the January and February meetings. Secondly, thanks to **Claudia & Jake Ellis** for looking after the financial books (Claudia) and the distribution of our little Members' Yearbooks (Jake.)

Speaking of yearbooks, most have now been distributed to our members over the past few months. For the dozen or so members who have not yet received their booklets, please come and see me at our next meeting or event.

There was a very good turnout of 49 members and 8 guests at our March 11th meeting to enjoy the "Evolution of the Rhododendron" program presented by **Dr. Glen Jamieson**. In addition to our regular members in attendance, we welcomed associated members **Art & Susan Lightburn** and guests **John & June Deniseger** from the Nanaimo chapter. We may be seeing more of John & June at future meetings and events, as they have built a new home and are now living in Bowser.

We welcomed back our members **Bob & Adela Smith** who have just returned from their winter home in Santa Monica, California. It is always a pleasure to welcome them back at our March meetings. We also welcomed two new members to our chapter... **Julie Waller** and **Michele Spender** who became our newest members that evening. Welcome ladies!

During the meeting portion of the evening, **President Paul Wurz** advised members that an invitation has been extended from our friends of the Whidbey Island chapter for a tour of their area. These reciprocal tours have been enjoyed for several years, as many will recall Whidbey members enjoyed a tour of Comox Valley gardens in May 2012.

Unfortunately for some, there will be no chartered van or bus for this tour. Instead, members

interested in attending the tour on April 29th, 30th and May 1st, will need to arrange to carpool and possibly stay in a motel. Once arrangements have been finalized, details of the planned tour will be forthcoming to all members via an email.

UPDATE: **Helena Stewart** has agreed to be the coordinator for the tour and has been in contact with **Frank Fujioka** of the Whidbey Chapter. There will be a limited number of billets available from Whidbey members, so if you are planning to attend you should let Helena know soonest! Call or email her for further details (info in Members' Booklet)

Plans are now well underway for our annual Rhodo Sale & Show, as well as our fundraising Mother's Day Garden Tour. Organizers for these very important events will be seeking volunteers at our April 8th meeting. (Newsletter article "Volunteers Needed")

As these two fundraising events provide the bulk of our income for the year, we really appreciate the support that our many members provide. All hands are usually on deck for the Sale & Show - this year on Sunday May 4th; and 24 gate sitters will be required for the Garden Tour on Sunday May 11th. Gate sitters can choose either the 10 am to 1 pm morning shift or the 1 pm until 4 pm afternoon shift, and all are provided with a complimentary ticket to enjoy the gardens before or after their time at a gate. Be sure to advise organizers **Diana Scott** or **Adrienne McNabb** of your availability.

For quite a few years now, **Bernie Guyader** and **Dick Bonney** have been trying to get, donors of trusses for the Show to send Bernie the names of those trusses they will be bringing, at the latest the NIGHT BEFORE THE SHOW. This allows Bernie time to get them printed on labels. This makes it so much more professional looking for the presentation. The truss display does garner a lot of interest in rhododendrons and is worth a little extra effort by our members.

To conclude the business portion of the meeting, our usual Show & Tell provided members an opportunity to tell the rest of us about blooms and foliage that adorns their gardens. Never to disappoint, **Dick Bonney** provided a colourful bouquet of crocuses, cyclamen and hellebores. While **Wolfgang Hoefgen**, a former nurseryman and one of our newer members, presented a sample of his 'Edgeworthia' - a compact bush with fragrant yellow flowers.





Edgeworthia



Horse-chestnut

Wolfgang also passed around a sample of a Horse chestnut tree (*Aesculus hippocastanum monstrosa*) with its fasciated-type branches that gives it unusual shape and colour.

This brought to a close the meeting and, following a short break, the winners of the evening's prizes were announced. **Ann Chevrier** was the lucky winner of the rhodo 'Garten Direktor Glocker', while **Carolyn Chester** won the secondary prize of a collapsible garden bucket. Guest **June (Bouchard) Deniseger** won the Vireya 'Silver Thimbles' kindly donated by **Glen Jamieson**. The evening's door prize was a set of small garden tools which was won by **Nadine Boudreau**.



The break also provided an opportunity to wish our founding member **Gwen Wright** a happy 80th birthday. Gwen was overwhelmed by the love and affection shown to her, and especially the special cake made by **Antje and Peter Guertler** for the occasion. It was also especially nice that Gwen's daughter, **Deb McLaren**, could accompany her to the meeting. **President Paul** then introduced **Glen Jamieson** as our speaker for the evening. An interesting and informative presentation outlined the 'Evolution of the Rhododendron' from the earliest known specimens to today's many species and hybrids. Based on the published works of Irving and Hebda (1993), it is known that the genus rhododendron dates back as far as 60 million years, around the time that the dinosaurs disappeared. At that time, the land masses,

oceans and climates were far different than they are today, and rhodo species were much more evenly distributed around the globe.

Over millions of years, earth's plates shifted forcing India into the Asian continent creating the Himalayan Mountains. These huge mountain ranges with deep, steep valleys provided an ideal environment for many rhododendron species to develop. However, climate changes in other areas of the world have also eliminated many areas which were once compatible with plant growth.

Between 20 Mya to the present, the climate in the middle latitudes has become much cooler than when rhodos first appeared. Desert expansion has eliminated tracts of earlier rhodo habitat, and in the past 2 million years, glacial expansion and retreats have disrupted both climate and some habitats.

The region of broad-leafed evergreens, mixed hardwood and conifer forests is now confined to eastern and southeastern North America, Europe and Asia. Some species rhododendrons can be found in the Pacific Northwest region of North America, while species azaleas are found primarily along the eastern shores of the continent.



As advertised, this interesting and informative presentation provided a great deal of insight into the evolution of rhododendrons for those in attendance. We thank Dr. Jamieson for taking the time to provide us with the program.

Note: During the cleanup following the meeting, a pair of reading glasses was found and can be claimed from **Ruth Fowler** at the library.

As announced at the meeting, a cleanup work party was held at our Comox Valley Rhodo Garden (CVRG) on Thursday March 13th. It was disappointing that only 8



long-standing members came out to help clean the pathways of debris, prune some damaged and winter killed plants, weed and fertilize the gardens. Fortunately, the weather was fine and the work was completed in an hour, leaving time for a social gathering over coffee and goodies. (Photos available on our website)

These work parties provide not only a chance for members to get to know each other, but also some educational opportunities for those wishing to learn more about growing rhododendrons. We encourage newer members to attend future work parties so that we can provide opportunities for both. Generally work parties are called by Garden Director **Ross Munro** for 10 am on the Thursday following our meetings, weather permitting, or at times when added work is required. In April, we will likely be having several work parties to ready the gardens for our "May is Rhododendron Month" promotion and our annual Garden Tour - when we encourage the public to view the CVRG.

Speaking of gardens, as many of us begin our spring garden work, we ask when our members are dividing perennials or replanting annuals that you consider potting up some donations to our revenue table at the meetings or for the annual sale and show. There is always a great interest for a variety of plants to compliment our rhododendrons. And 100% of the sales from these donations goes directly towards funding our many other activities.

Also, as we begin our spring garden work, keep in mind that many nurseries and garden centers provide our members with discounts on their purchases. A list of these businesses can be found on the back of your membership card. Be sure to present your card before your items are rung through the register.

Another benefit of our NIRS membership is access to the Rhododendron Species Botanical Garden (RSBG) in Federal Way, Washington. With an annual membership paid by our chapter in support of their operations, the RSBG provides each member free admission to their garden. So if you are visiting the Seattle/Tacoma area during the year, be sure to afford time to visit this beautiful garden. A link to their website can be found on our NIRS website under the 'Links' page. You will also find links for many other interesting sites on this same page.

One such link is for 'Milner Gardens and Woodland' in

Qualicum Beach. **Margaret Cadwaladr**, speaker for our April 8th meeting, will be giving her presentation on Veronica Milner and the history of Milner Gardens. We encourage all our members to attend this informative meeting. Be sure to wear your name badge to receive an extra ticket when purchasing tickets for the raffle.

Until we see you there, remember the old saying...
"Spring has sprung, the grass has riz; Wonder where my mower is? Never mind, the grass is moss; so if no mower there is no loss!"

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of the North Island Rhododendron Society will be held on Tuesday, 13th May 2014 in Keith and Becci Russell's garden 2271 Lake Trail Road, Courtenay. Come at 6:30 for a self directed garden tour, meeting starts at 7:30.

Business to come before the meeting will include the Annual Financial Report, Reports from Committees, and the Election of Directors and Officers for 2014-2015.

There are four two-year board terms ending in May. Members wishing to put names forward for nomination are to contact the Nominations Chair Pauline Thompson.

Following the AGM, the elected Board will select a President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer from among the elected Directors and will assign roles to Committee Chairs.

TIDBITS... DATES OF COMING EVENTS

- April 29th - May 1st** - Whidbey Island Garden tour – carpool to Whidbey Island in Washington State.
- May 4th** - NIRS Rhodo Sale and Show
- May 11th** - NIRS Mother's Day Garden Tour
- May 13th** - NIRS AGM at Becci and Keith Russell's.
- June 15th** - NIRS Annual Pot Luck Picnic, in Roberts and Adela Smith's garden

SPRING



YAKUSHIMA: “I’ve been there.” – *An N.I.R.S. member in Japan...by David Moore*



High-speed bullet trains in Japan

In the Fall of 2010, an opportunity came knocking for my wife Mary Lou and me in Powell River, with an invitation from our son, Reed, to visit him in Osaka where he was living with his fiancé Mai. We replied with an enthusiastic “Yes!” They were perfect tour guides, easily helping us overcome our shyness and assisting us to surpass the ever-present language barriers and [at times, challenging] cultural curiosities such as eating Japanese food and riding on bullet trains.



I try to take advantage of any new travel opportunity, so while in Japan for two months, I studied the Lonely Planet guide to Japan seeking out interesting destinations and we put together an itinerary which we embarked on with our Japan Rail passes (purchased in BC before leaving home.) We decided to head south. We made tourist stops in Hiroshima and several other cities we researched for outstanding examples of classical Japanese gardens and Buddhist temples.



The mountain peaks of Yakushima, seen from the ferry approach to the island.

Now, what rhodie enthusiast would not take notice of a conspicuous dot off the southern-most tip of Japan (Kyoshu Island) marked Yakushima? Yakushima itself is a relatively small island just a few hours ferry ride from Kagoshima in sub-tropical Japan. Volcanic in origin, Yakushima has high mountain peaks which happen to be the native habitat of *Rhododendron yakushmanum* [a.k.a. *R. degronianum* ssp. *Yakushmanum*], a plant species of great beauty, and importance in the rhodo world. I soon became fascinated by the prospect of a quick side trip off the beaten path in search of the beguiling native Yaks thriving in the wild. I was delighted to find the daily ferry easy to access – and at a reasonable price.

On the crossing the ship was nearly ours alone. Recall, this was mid-autumn, not summer holiday tourist season. We pre-booked accommodation at a rustic hostel (www.yakushima-yh.net) which included meals. It was excellent quality and value, and it was there that we learned of some other places of special interest such as nearby natural hot springs.

The Japanese government has wisely made Yakushima the focus of extensive environmental conservation efforts – in particular, there are native forests here of ancient cedar-like conifers called Sugi trees (*Cryptomeria japonica*). The largest and the oldest specimens are up to, and over seven thousand years old. A UNESCO World Heritage Site, a network of public footpaths wind through the protected old-growth stands which include eye-popping wildflowers such as native arums (not in bloom for us).



Wild monkey in the Sugi forest

Visible from the roadway up to the Sugi tree forest were native grey monkeys peering from the bush. But where were the yaks? – not a sign. A sure hint for me was depicted in a decorative picture tile on the main street of the port city, Miyanaoura. The lovely tile shows soft pink flowers which I took to be the familiar bi-coloured cup-shaped blooms of *R. yakushmanum* [*R. degronianum*]. So I concluded we’d come to the right place, but where are the little beauties?





Tree ferns (Cyathia/Dicksonia) in the understory with rhodod



MaryLou with very old Sugi tree

Despite my trained eye, I never spotted anywhere amongst the native shrubbery those unmistakable dark green convex leaves with the distinctive indumentum. Where were they? We then noticed some tourist ads for guided treks to the high country in early summertime (June). This, I believe, may be the best and maybe the only way to see the genuine 'yaks' in the wild. So, I'll time my next visit to line up with the spring bloom, and with renewed anticipation, I'll return in search of the beloved, though elusive, cloud-hidden wild rhodos of Yakushima.

I found the place to be captivating – citrus fruit, papayas, native bananas, etc. beckon from the roadsides. We did locate a public Rhododendron garden. It was very nice to see tree ferns and birdsnest ferns as companion plants with rhododendrons in a woodland setting.

Tourists are welcomed and treated like royalty in Japan. I give it an unqualified endorsement and recommendation as a travel destination. But, if you go to Yakushima, be prepared for some initial disappointment until you seek a knowledgeable guide to the highlands which, caught at the right time of year, *could be* swathed in clouds of pink bloom provided by the geographically ancient native yaks (*R. degronianum/yakushmanum*). Bonus: In the highland interior there is an established system of mountain huts along the summit trails. So this armchair plant-hunter left this magical remote wonderland a little sadder, but, if you ask me, a whole lot wiser.



Birdsnest fern; Asplenium are epiphytes

David Moore, Powell River, BC.



Hear Ye, Hear Ye, Calling All Volunteers!



In keeping with our spring tradition, the NIRS major fundraising activities are just around the corner. These are the two major fund-raisers of the year for our Chapter and the support of many members will be needed to once again make them a success!

Rhodo Sale and Show – Sunday May 4th at the K'omox Band Hall on Comox (Dyke) Road

- Volunteers can contact **Adrienne McNabb** (250-898-8712 or adritrillium@yahoo.ca) and/or signup at the April 8th meeting.
- As usual we need many volunteers to help out at our Rhodo Sale and Truss Display on Sunday, May 4th. The Sale takes place from 9am to 1:30pm for our working members and open to the public from 10am to 1pm. Most helpers will have specific jobs, such as: helping organize our NIRS table of member-donated plants; working in the cashier area tagging plants and assisting the cashiers; greeting the buyers and facilitating the flow of traffic; participating in the Truss Display area organizing the trusses and sharing NIRS information; assisting patrons by wheeling plants out to buyer's vehicles, or working in the kitchen making sure the volunteers have access to tea, coffee and goodies. Everyone helps out with setup and takedown, and with general 'whatever-needs-doing'. An end to a lovely tradition, there won't be a Bunwich this year – Take the afternoon to plant your new purchases!

19th Annual Mother's Day Garden Tour - Sunday May 11th at various locations in Comox Valley

- Volunteers can contact **Margaret Griffith-Cochrane** (250-941-5559 or mgriffico@shaw.ca) and/or signup at the meeting.
- Tour goers will have the opportunity to enjoy 6 lovely gardens in the Courtenay/Comox area and admire the show at the Comox Valley Rhododendron Garden by the Air Park in Courtenay. As in the past, there will be two members required at each garden from 9:45 am to 1 pm, and from 1 pm to 4 pm to greet the visitors and check their tickets. We need 24 people to attend to the gardens, so we encourage you to find a co-member to join you. Volunteers each receive a complimentary ticket to spend half the day greeting visitors, and the other half touring the gardens. A great way to spend the day!





Winter Weeds



...by Jill Gould



Round about this time we are fretting about whether our garden plants made it through the winter. Whether winter has been harsh or mild, the heavy rains, lack of sun and frosts can kill many of our treasures.

But what's this? Weeds! They are thriving—and growing. How does that work? Well, there is a term called "winter weeds". Mostly annuals, they seem impervious to wet, cold, freezing and lack of sun. They do this by sprouting during the cold weather and growing during the winter months. This genetic advantage gives them a head start on other weeds: they are ready to bloom and set seed while other plants are just thinking of poking their heads up. Here are some common weeds to our area.



Snapweed: hairy bittercress: *Cardamine hirsuta*. Last year, Diana Scott declared this Public Enemy No.1 in her garden, and spoke to us of her battle to control it. A member of the Mustard (Brassica) family, it's prolific. Actually it's edible. (Go ahead—you first).

Shepherd's purse: *Capsella bursa-pastoris*. Another member of the Mustard family. Cold weather does nothing to slow this little thug. Those of you who know Latin will be able to translate its name: Capsule. Purse. Pasture. You can eat this too.



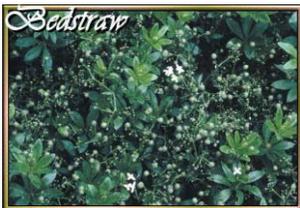
Chickweed: *Stellaria media*. Native to Europe but quite at home here. Called Chickweed because chickens will gobble it up. I've tried eating it but it tastes musty to me.

Prickly lettuce: *Lactuca serriola*. annual/biennial. Our domestic lettuce is descended from this plant. It tastes very bitter, due to the milky sap. That's what "lactuca" means. This member of Asteraceae has many wind-borne seeds like dandelion fluff. When its yellow flowers appear, looks thistle-like.



Dead nettle: *Lamium purpureum*, *L. amplexicaule*. A member of the Mint family, with characteristic square stems. Has a rank odour when crushed and will spread by rhizomes as well as seeds.

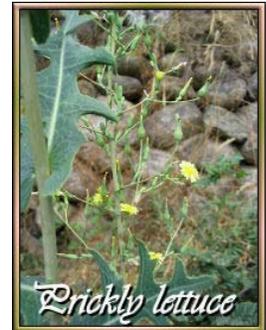
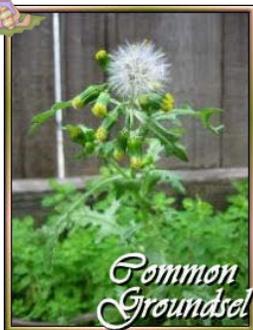
Bedstraw: Cleavers, *Galium aperiene*. Annual. While the *Galium* species has some nice members—think Sweet Woodruff—this one spreads not only by stem nodes but with sticky seeds which really love your socks. Or your dog's fur. Hence, Cleavers.



Common Groundsel: *Senecio vulgaris*. One of the vast Asteraceae (daisy) family, it has a small yellow flower and a vaguely thistle-like appearance. Don't eat this one: it contains toxic alkaloids and is a hazard to grazing animals.

Storksbill: *Erodium cicutarium*. A member of the Geranium or cranesbill family, it is non-native and has become invasive. Spreads readily from seed from pretty little mauve flowers and will pop up anywhere.

There are two websites which give longer descriptions of some of these plants, complete with pictures. <http://www.agf.gov.bc.ca/> or weedsbc.ca





The Ultimate Deer Guard



By Terry Richmond (MARS)

Observing deer foraging in their natural mountainous habitat is a wonderful experience but witnessing them feeding throughout your garden is not nearly so exhilarating. My program for repelling deer involves the application of a product called "Watkins Medicated Ointment" which has been marketed for decades to help alleviate stiff, sore and painful muscles. It contains 5.3% camphor, 2.8% menthol, paraffin and petrolatum. Deer absolutely abhor its odour.

The procedure is as follows:

1. Cut an absorbent material (brown, green or grey denim) into 1" X 8" strips or longer.
2. Run the strips across the Watkins Medicated Ointment coating both sides. (I hold the strip with my left and pull with my right hand)
3. Tie the coated strips on lattice fencing, poles, stakes or plant material on approximately 6" centers. (Strip center to center distances may require adjustment due to garden design, plant material and deer density.)



Storing the ointment in a refrigerator when not in use reduces the mess and wasted ointment. A thin covering is all that is required. One application per growing season is generally all that is required as the paraffin and petrolatum in the ointment repels rain. Sunlight softens the ointment covering spots in the strip you may have missed and amplifies the odour. Watkins Medicated Ointment is available through a system of local dealers. Deer will hate you!!



PHD Soil Tester Available

Just a reminder, our club has a pHD soil tester pen available for members to borrow for a few days - pick up from Bernie Guyader. (338-5267)

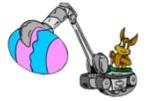
Why test our soil you might ask? Well pH is the measure of the degree of acidity or alkalinity (often called "sweetness") of the soil. The lower numbers are acid and the higher numbers are alkaline, while a pH of 7.0 is called 'neutral'. The nutrients that support growth usually cannot dissolve in soil moisture that is very acid or very alkaline. If they can't dissolve, they can't help a plant grow. Also, normal beneficial soil bacteria, which promote soil enrichment, are unable to live in very acid or alkaline soil.

Further, the whole process of pH is ever changing and almost always drifts to the acid side, which is great for rhododendrons and azaleas but not for other plants. Therefore, it needs regular testing so maximum soil productivity can be attained, meaning fast growth and bigger healthier plants, flowers and vegetables, etc.

Recipe Requests



SUMMER'S RHUBARB-GINGER CAKE



(Summer Joy)

Cream $\frac{1}{2}$ C margarine with 1C sugar

Add $\frac{1}{4}$ C or less milk, and 4 tsp baking powder

Mix in $1\frac{1}{2}$ C flour

(I do all the above in the food processor) If the batter seems too thick, add a bit more milk, but there will be lots of moisture from the rhubarb. Add several sticks (1 to 1-1/2 Cups) of chopped rhubarb to the batter along with a generous portion of finely grated ginger root (I slice it crosswise thinly with a knife first to cut the long fibres, and then grate it fine in the food processor first thing, before adding to the batter). I put lots of ginger into my cakes, which people seem to like.

Bake in a 9 x 9 greased pan at 325°F to 350°F until a knife comes out clean in the middle. This is a very moist cake and lovely with vanilla icing!

You can use frozen rhubarb, just be sure to add the liquid from the thawed rhubarb, as this liquid would be in the original rhubarb. In the summer I freeze a lot of fresh rhubarb cut into chunks, then use it all winter for the cakes.

I usually double or triple the recipe to do two or three cakes. Best to bake in separate pans rather than one big pan, as the middle cooks better that way. Hope you enjoy it!



April Goodies

Linda Ashbaugh - Jill Gould
Adrienne McNabb - Helen Stefiuk
Carolyn Chester

Until Next Month
Noni

